

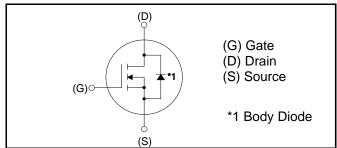
V_{DSS}	650V
R _{DS(on)} (Typ.)	120m $Ω$
I _D	29A* ¹

S2206

Features

- 1) Low on-resistance
- 2) Fast switching speed
- 3) Fast reverse recovery
- 4) Easy to parallel
- 5) Simple to drive

●Inner circuit



Application

- · Solar inverters
- DC/DC converters
- Switch mode power supplies
- · Induction heating
- Motor drives

● Absolute maximum ratings (T_a = 25°C)

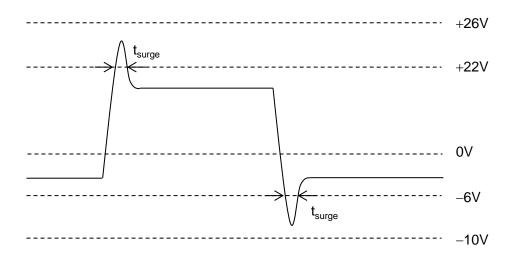
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain - Source voltage	V_{DSS}	650	V
Continuous drain current $T_c = 25$ °C	I _D *1	29	А
Pulsed drain current	I _{D,pulse} *2	72	А
Gate - Source voltage (DC)	V_{GSS}	-6 to 22	V
Gate - Source surge voltage (T _{surge} < 300nsec)	V _{GSS-surge} *3	–10 to 26	V
Junction temperature	T _j	175	°C
Range of storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +175	°C

●Electrical characteristics (T_a = 25°C)

Dorometer	Cymbol	Conditions	Values			Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
Drain - Source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $I_D = 1mA$	650	-	-	V	
		$V_{DS} = 650V, V_{GS} = 0V$					
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	T _j = 25°C	-	1	10	μΑ	
didiii odiioiit		T _j = 150°C	-	2	-		
Gate - Source leakage current	I _{GSS+}	$V_{GS} = +22V, V_{DS} = 0V$	-	-	100	nA	
Gate - Source leakage current	I _{GSS-}	$V_{GS} = -6V$, $V_{DS} = 0V$	-	-	-100	nA	
Gate threshold voltage	V _{GS (th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 3.3 \text{mA}$	1.6	2.8	4.0	V	
		$V_{GS} = 18V, I_D = 10A$					
Static drain - source on - state resistance	R _{DS(on)} *4	T _j = 25°C	-	120	156	mΩ	
		T _j = 125°C	-	149	-		
Gate input resistance	R_{G}	f = 1MHz, open drain	-	13.8	-	Ω	

^{*1} Limited only by maximum temperature allowed.

^{*3} Example of acceptable Vgs waveform



*4 Pulsed

^{*2} PW \leq 10 $\mu s,$ Duty cycle \leq 1%

●Electrical characteristics (T_a = 25°C)

Doromotor	Cumbal	Conditions	Values			Linit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Transconductance	${\sf g_{fs}}^{^{*4}}$	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_{D} = 10A$	-	2.7	-	S
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$	-	1200	-	
Output capacitance	C _{oss}	V _{DS} = 500V	-	90	-	pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	f = 1MHz	-	13	1	
Effective output capacitance, energy related	$C_{\text{o(er)}}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 0V$ to 300V	-	115	1	pF
Turn - on delay time	t _{d(on)} *4	$V_{DD} = 300V, I_D = 10A$	-	22	ı	
Rise time	t _r *4	V _{GS} = 18V/0V	-	31	ı	ne
Turn - off delay time	t _{d(off)} *4	$R_L = 30\Omega$	-	60	ı	ns
Fall time	t _f *4	$R_G = 0\Omega$	-	19	ı	
Turn - on switching loss	E _{on} *4	$V_{DD} = 300V, I_{D} = 10A$ $V_{GS} = 18V/0V$	-	61	-	1
Turn - off switching loss	E _{off} *4	$R_G = 0\Omega$, L=500 μ H * E_{on} includes diode reverse recovery	-	41	-	μJ

•Gate Charge characteristics $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter Symbol	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
Total gate charge	Qg *4	V _{DD} = 300V	-	61	ı	
Gate - Source charge	Q _{gs} *4	I _D = 10A	-	14	-	nC
Gate - Drain charge	Q _{gd} *4	V _{GS} = 18V	-	21	ı	
Gate plateau voltage	V _(plateau)	$V_{DD} = 300V, I_D = 10A$	-	10.4	-	V

ullet Body diode electrical characteristics (Source-Drain) (T_a = 25°C)

Doromotor	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit	
raiainetei	Parameter Symbol Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	UIIIL	
Inverse diode continuous, forward current	l _S *1	T _c = 25°C	-	1	29	А	
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I _{SM} *2	1 c = 20 C	-	-	72	А	
Forward voltage	V _{SD} *4	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{S} = 10A$	-	4.3	-	V	
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr} *4	$I_F = 10A, V_R = 400V$ di/dt = 160A/µs	-	33	ı	ns	
Reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr} *4		-	53	-	nC	
Peak reverse recovery current	I _{rrm} *4		-	3.0	-	Α	

Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics(I)

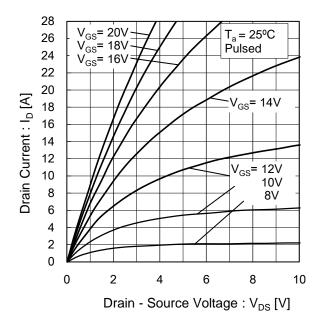


Fig.2 Typical Output Characteristics(II)

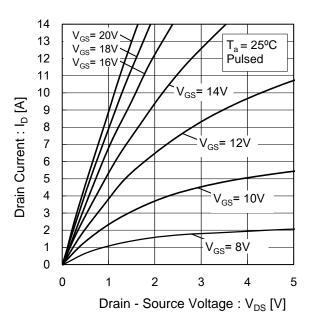
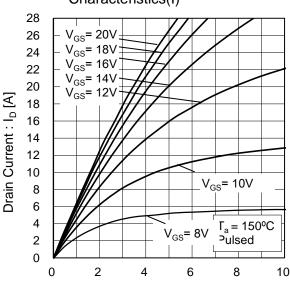
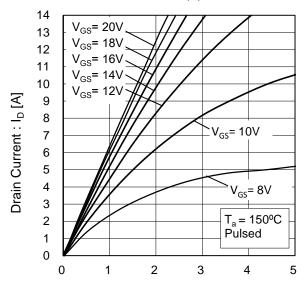


Fig.3 T_j = 150°C Typical Output Characteristics(I)



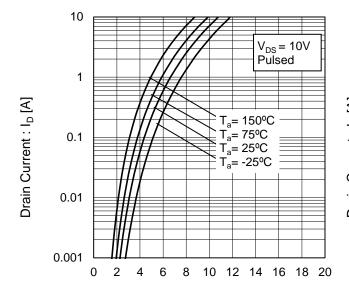
Drain - Source Voltage: V_{DS} [V]

Fig.4 $T_j = 150$ °C Typical Output Characteristics(II)



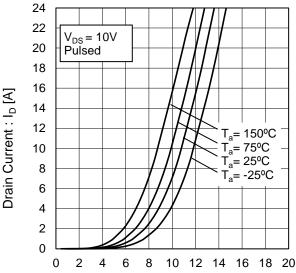
Drain - Source Voltage : V_{DS} [V]

Fig.5 Typical Transfer Characteristics (I)



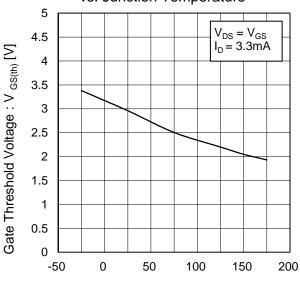
Gate - Source Voltage : V_{GS} [V]

Fig.6 Typical Transfer Characteristics (II)



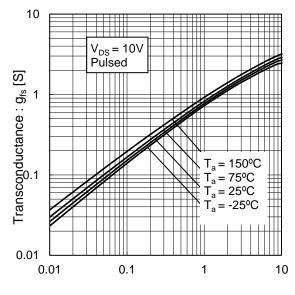
Gate - Source Voltage : V_{GS} [V]

Fig.7 Gate Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



Junction Temperature : T_i [°C]

Fig.8 Transconductance vs. Drain Current



Drain Current : I_D [A]

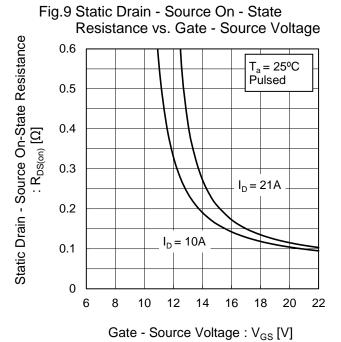


Fig.10 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Junction Temperature Static Drain - Source On-State Resistance 0.3 $V_{GS} = 18V$ Pulsed 0.25 $:R_{\mathsf{DS}(\mathsf{on})}\left[\Omega \right]$ 0.2 $I_{D} = 20A$ 0.15 $I_{D} = 10A$ 0.1 0.05 0 -50 0 50 100 150 200 Junction Temperature : T_i [°C]

Fig.11 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current Static Drain - Source On-State Resistance 1 V_{GS}= 18V Pulsed $:R_{DS(on)}\left[\Omega \right]$ T_a = 150°C = 125°C 75°C $T_a = 25$ °C $T_a = -25^{\circ}C$ 0.1 0.1 10 100 Drain Current: I_D [A]

Fig.12 Typical Capacitance

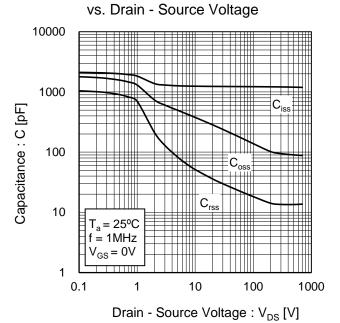


Fig.13 Coss Stored Energy

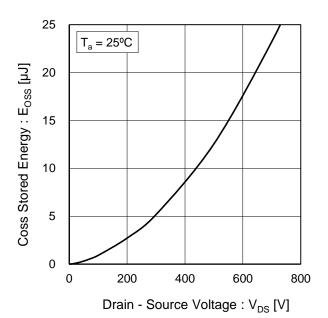


Fig.14 Switching Characteristics

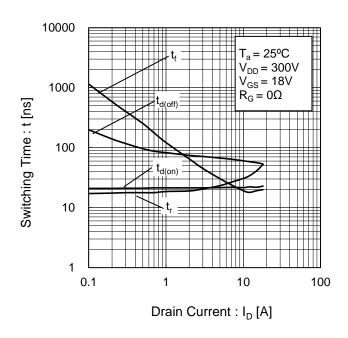
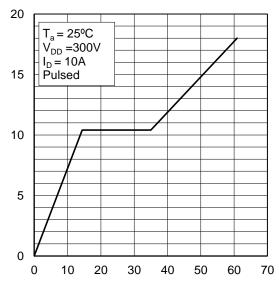


Fig.15 Dynamic Input Characteristics



Total Gate Charge : Q_g [nC]

Gate - Source Voltage : ${\sf V}_{\sf GS}\left[{\sf V}
ight]$

Fig.16 Typical Switching Loss vs. Drain - Source Voltage 120 110 $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ I_D=10A 100 $V_{GS} = 18V/0V$ $R_{G} = 0\Omega$ L=500 μ H 90 Switching Energy: E [µJ] 80 70 60 50 $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{off}}$ 40 30 20 10 0 0 100 200 300 400 500 Drain - Source Voltage : $V_{DS}[V]$

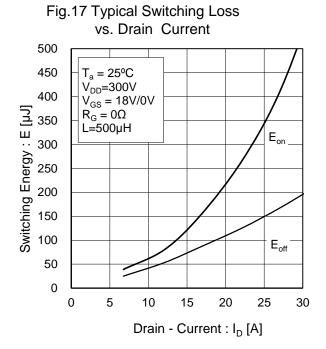
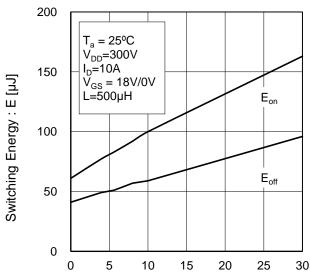
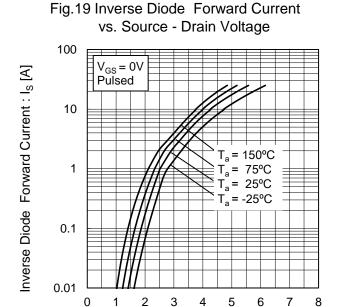


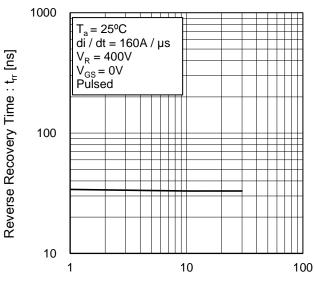
Fig.18 Typical Switching Loss vs. External Gate Resistance





Source - Drain Voltage : V_{SD} [V]

Fig.20 Reverse Recovery Time vs.Inverse Diode Forward Current



Inverse Diode Forward Current : I_S [A]

●Measurement circuits

Fig.1-1 Switching Time Measurement Circuit

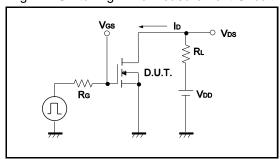


Fig.2-1 Gate Charge Measurement Circuit

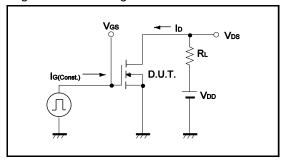


Fig.3-1 Switching Energy Measurement Circuit

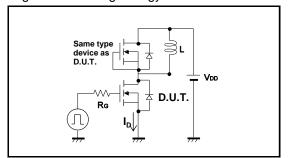


Fig.4-1 Reverse Recovery Time Measurement Circuit Fig.4-2 Reverse Recovery Waveform

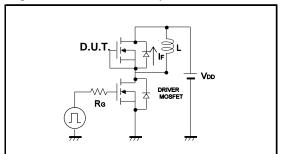


Fig.1-2 Switching Waveforms

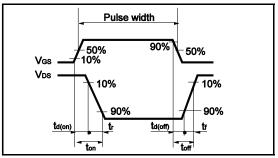


Fig.2-2 Gate Charge Waveform

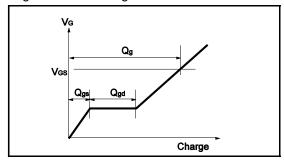
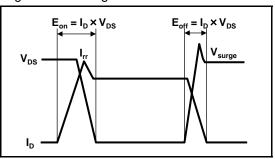
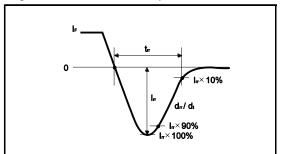


Fig.3-2 Switching Waveforms





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